

Duke University Hospital

Clinical Care | Education | Research





Singapore Healthcare Management Congress 2014

HM 1 – Journey to Excellence, Roadmap to Success

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Outline

- Introduction / Background
- Overview of Organizational Success
- Key Milestones
- Roadmap
- Case Study
- Closing Comments



Where is Duke University Hospital?

 Duke University Hospital is located in Durham, North Carolina, USA





Duke University Hospital Overview

- 957 licensed beds
- Main campus (Over 1 million square feet):
 - Duke North inpatient bed tower
 - Duke Cancer Center
 - Duke Medicine Pavilion
 - Duke South Clinics
 - Eye Center
 - Children's Health Center
- Off Campus
 - Ambulatory Surgery Center
 - Adult Bone Marrow Transplant
 - ~25 primary and specialty care clinics





Duke University Hospital Expansion

 2012: 267,000 square foot Duke Cancer Center



- 2013: Duke Medicine Pavilion
 - ~100 new inpatient Intensive
 Care and Stepdown beds
 - 16 new operating rooms
 - Ancillary services including imaging and labs





Duke University Hospital Key Statistics Fiscal Year 2014 (July 2013 through June 2014)

- 39,614 adult inpatient discharges
- 6.60 adult average length of stay
- 716 average daily census
 - 749 average daily census with observation patients
 - 81.5% occupancy rate
- 66,860 Emergency Department visits
- 1,026,501 outpatient visits
- 38,106 operating room cases
- Staff:
 - 7,132 FTEs (Full Time Equivalents)
- Physicians:
 - 1,690 credentialed physicians
 - 981 GME (Graduate Medical Education) learners



Performance Services Overview



Performance Services Background

- <u>Purpose</u>:
 - Support the attainment of performance goals through the measurement, monitoring and improvement of performance.
- <u>Structure</u>:
 - Report to the Executive Vice President of DUHS with system scope
 - Centrally coordinated and delivered
 - Team consists of engineers, analysts and nurses



Performance Services – Key Milestones





Performance Services – Core Responsibilities

- Labor Management
- Balanced scorecard
- Benchmarking
- Project Management
- Performance improvement

- Quality measurement
- Patient experience
 measurement
- Analytical and reporting services
- Facilitate key
 leadership processes

MEASURING THE IMPACT OF LEADERSHIP

100 TOP HOSPITALS

2014

TRUVEN HEALTH ANALYTICS

Measurement of Leadership Impact and Value:

- Not a consumer tool for hospital selection
- 21 year development and field testing effort
- Balanced scorecard theory Norton and Kaplan, Harvard University
- Academic validation of hospital balanced scorecard
- Objective statistical analysis of public data, updated annually
- Peer-reviewed risk and severity adjustment and methodologies

Scalable for hospitals, health systems and provider networks

- Selected to validate Baldrige winner performance vs. peers
- New metrics developed and tested as industry evolves

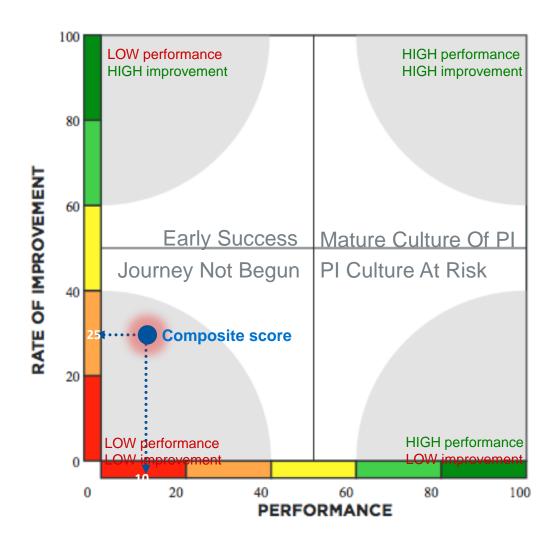


100 Top Hospitals - Measures

- Mortality, Complications indexes
- Composite Patient Safety Index
 - (10 PSIs in current and trend profiles)
- Core Measures Mean Percent
 - Heart Attack (AMI), Heart Failure (HF), Pneumonia (PN), Surgical Care (Surg)
- 30 Day Mortality Rates (AMI, HF, PN)
- 30 Day Readmission Rates (AMI, HF, PN)
- Average Length of Stay (ALOS)
- Inpatient Expense per Discharge
- Operating Profit Margin
- HCAHPS (Overall Rating Question)



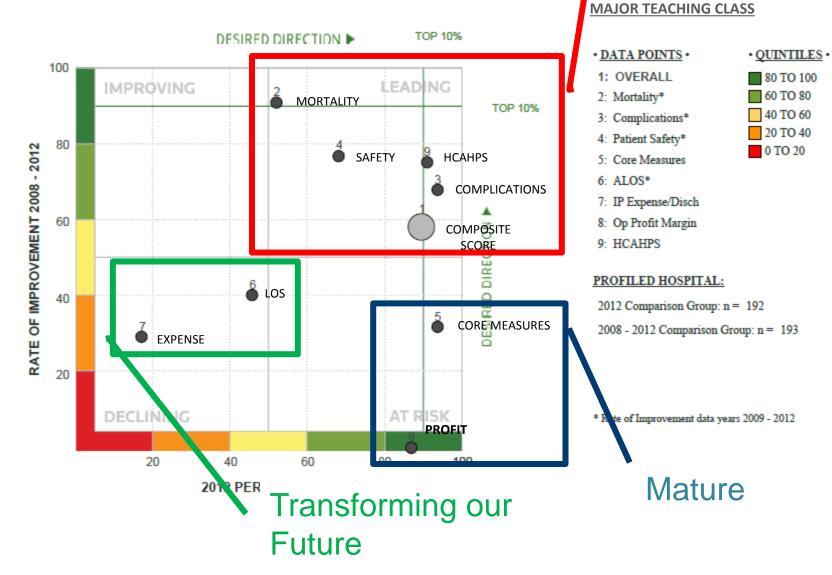
MEASURING THE STRENGTH OF PI CULTURE RATE OF IMPROVEMENT AND RESULTANT PERFORMANCE



2014 Duke University Hospital



Recent Areas of Focus





Duke University Hospital Performance Awards and Recognition

- National and State Quality Programs:
 - Governor's Award for Performance Excellence 2014
 - National Site Visit Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Program - 2014
 - National Recognition for Best Practices in Leadership Baldrige Program – 2014
- National Rankings:
 - USNWR Honor Roll of Best Hospitals (1989-2014)
 - Truven Top 100 Hospitals
- Local and Regional Rankings:
 - Best Hospital in the Greater Triangle
 - US News & World Report
 - Consumer Choice Award (2000-2014)
 - National Research Corporation (NRC)



The Journey to Excellence...

- For Duke, the Journey to Excellence includes <u>learning</u> <u>from and sharing with other</u> <u>high performing</u> <u>organizations</u>including:
 - Magnet,
 - Baldrige,
 - NCAfE (NC Awards for Excellence),
 - AHA (American Hospital Association), and
 - ACGME (Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education)





Key Milestones in the DUH Journey to Excellence

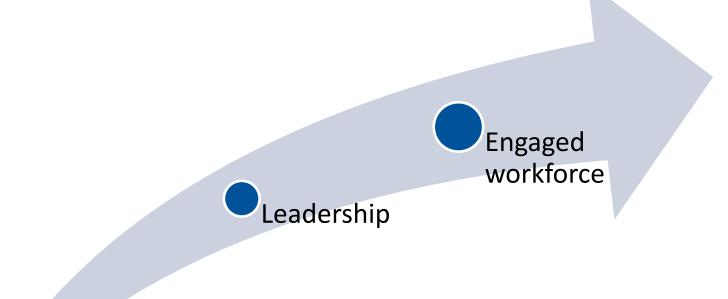
Introduced BSC as a measurement tool	 Introduced to create a balanced focus on Performance. Previous focus was primarily Financial metrics
Transitioned BSC to a management tool	 Implemented systematic process to define organizational priorities, measures, and targets
Organizational Alignment	 Alignment of priorities, measures and targets at all levels of the organization, including staff members
Deployed advanced PI tools and aligned PI priorities and efforts	 Deployed six sigma training, placed trained staff within the organization, and created alignment with the BSC
Implemented formal leadership processes	 Senior leadership effort to formalize the leadership system and supporting processes
Initiated Transforming our Future	 Transform the way care is delivered and how operations are designed and managed to deliver a higher level of value



Roadmap



Roadmap





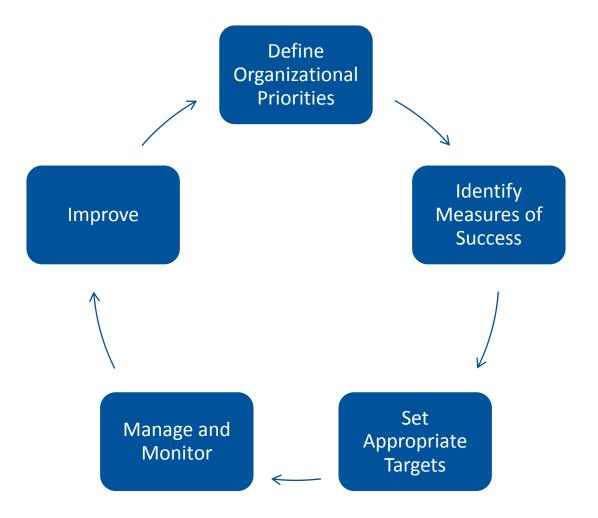


What is Performance Management?

- <u>Wikipedia</u>: Performance management includes activities which ensure that goals are consistently being met in an effective and efficient manner.
- <u>Dr. Aubrey Daniels</u>: Formal definition of performance management is "a scientifically based, data-oriented management system. It consists of three primary elements-measurement, feedback and positive reinforcement."

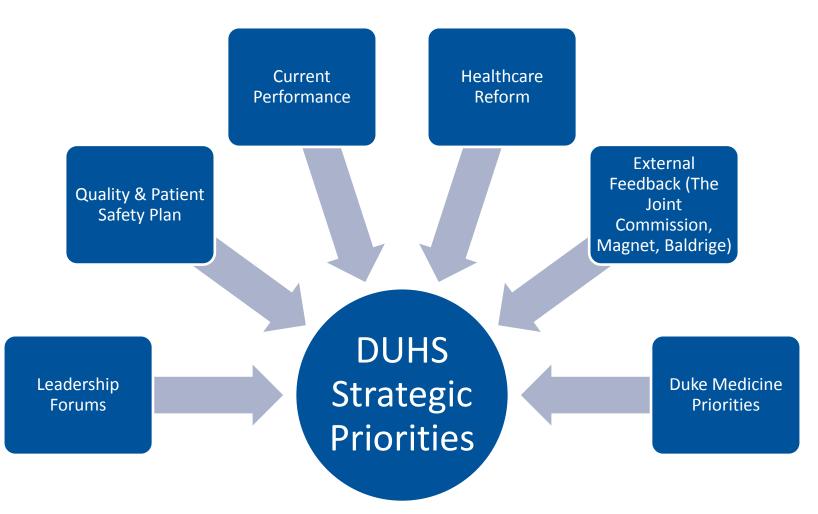


Performance Management Process



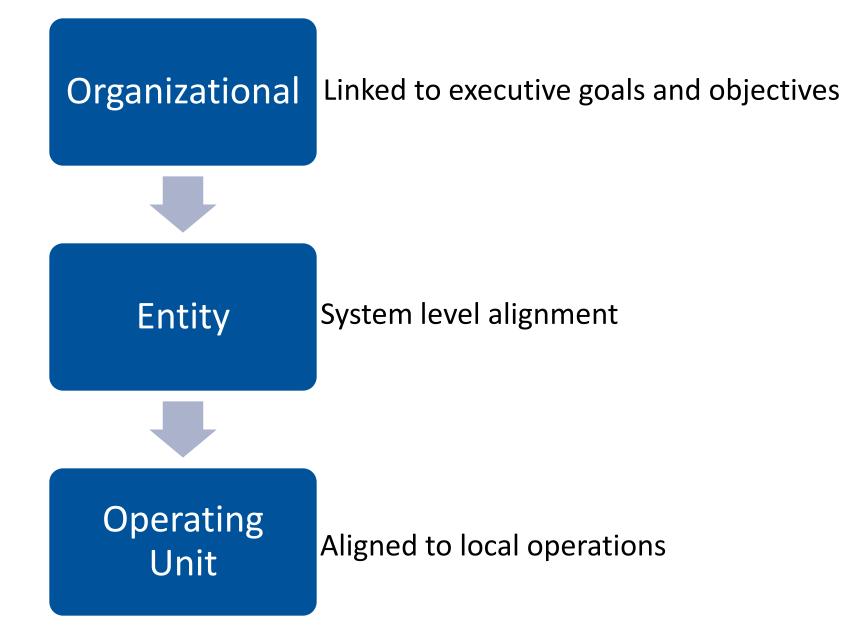


Inputs to Priority Development



Organizational Alignment







Performance Management

- <u>Beginning</u>
 - Organizational balanced scorecard of key performance indicators
 - Central oversight with limited accountability
 - Targets based on internal performance to promote incremental improvement

• <u>Now</u>

- Balanced scorecards available at all levels of leadership
- Measures and targets linked to key priorities and cascaded to achieve alignment and to promote accountability
- Targets based on best practice benchmarks to promote transformational improvements



Leadership *Key Elements*

- Drive the performance management process
- Develop and commit to key leadership processes
 - Create a culture of performance improvement and innovation



Drive the Performance Management Process

- Define priorities and targets
- Establish accountability
- Monitor progress and support the development of tactics and workplans
- Communicate to all levels
 - Importance
 - Results
 - Opportunities for improvement



Drive the Performance Management Process

- Integrate with Pay for Performance System:
 - BSC targets become individual performance targets
 - Link to the pay for performance program at all levels
 - Establish a link between the expectations and targets

- Develop and commit to key leadership processes
 - Formalize the informal
 - Use some type of external process to continually assess organizational process and performance
 - Ongoing assessment and improvement as needed



Leading Our Vision: Strategic Planning Process

Figure 2.1-1 DUH Strategic Planning Process (SPP)

	DUH STRATEGIC PLAN	NING PROCESS		
STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT	Validate MVV & CC	SST, HLC/MD	WINTER	
	2 Analyze Key Inputs/Perform SWOT/ Validate SA, SC	SST, HLC/MD	RETREAT- DECEMBER	
	3 Finalize DUH SO and Goals by BSC Quadrant/Initiate Financial & HR Planning	SST, HLC/MD	JANUARY- February	
	4 Cascade/Alignment of SO and Goals	SST, HLC/MD	APRIL	
STRATEGY DEPLOYMENT	5 Finalize Tactics to Address SO and Goals	SST, HLC/MD	SPRING Retreat-May	
	6 Develop/Finalize CSU/Department Workplan Tactics	HLC/MD, Dept. Heads	JUNE	
	7 Align Individual Expected Job Results (EJR)	SST, HLC, MD, Dept. Heads, All Staff	JULY	
	8 Performance Evaluation and Improvement	SST, HLC/MD, Dept. Heads, All Staff	JULY-JUNE	

- Supports DUH's ability to address health care reform
- Cascades/aligns goals and objectives through the organization
- Includes key inputs from patients, loved ones, the community and other key stakeholders
- Incorporates comprehensive risk modeling

- <u>Beginning</u>
 - Limited performance management process
 - Informal leadership processes
 - Leadership goals set independent from the BSC process

• <u>Now</u>

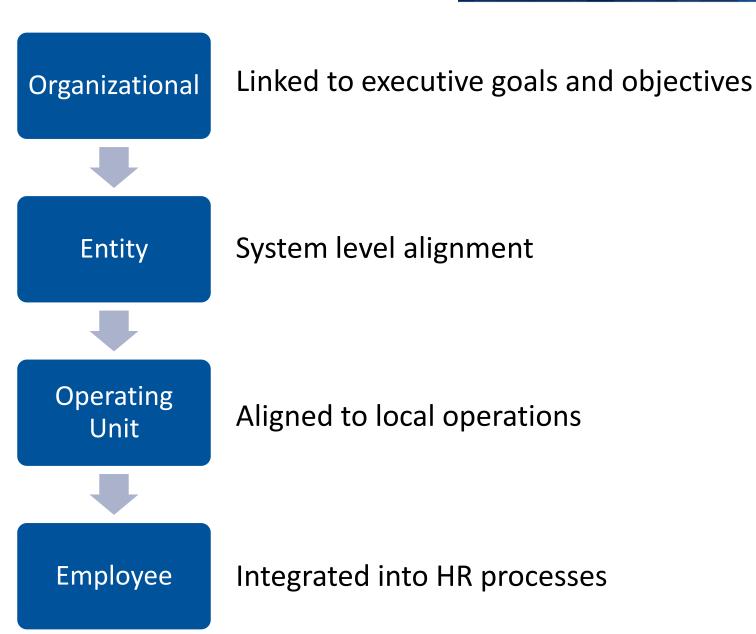
- Complete performance management process linked to Health System leadership
- Formal leadership processes
- Leadership goals aligned at all levels



Workforce Engagement Key Elements

- Develop local alignment and accountability for performance goals
- Provide resources to support the local improvement efforts
- Promote interdisciplinary problem solving and performance improvement
- Leadership engagement

Organizational Alignment





Workforce Engagement *Tools*

- Provide a variety of tools to support a culture of continuous learning and innovation:
 - Lean
 - DMAIC-black belt, DMAIC-green belt, FMEA, Mistake Proofing
 - Rapid Cycle Improvement Process
 - Change Management
- The purpose must be to improve performance, not to implement tools
- Importance of selecting the right tool



Workforce Engagement PI Deployment Strategy

- Performance improvement is everyone's job
- Embed the expertise into targeted operational areas
- Integrate into the operational management processes to create alignment and to promote interdisciplinary problem solving
- Continue to add tools to the organization's toolbox as needed



Workforce Engagement

- Beginning:
 - HR process separate from the BSC
 - Local PI priorities and efforts separate from the BSC and management processes
 - Use of basic PI tools

- Now:
 - Individual performance goals and expectations linked to BSC targets
 - PI efforts linked to priorities and BSC
 - Advanced PI training
 - Trained individuals strategically placed within the organization



Readmission Improvement Case Study

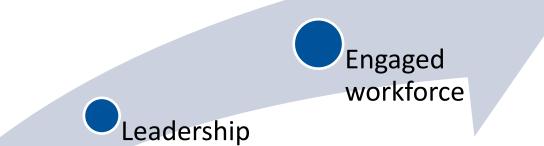


Readmission Reduction Program Overview

- Government program launched to reduce the number of hospital readmissions
- An excess readmission ratio is calculated for each condition and applied to base payment
 - Program is <u>penalty-based only</u>, no reward for good performance
 - Payment adjustment is applied to inpatient claims at the beginning of each federal fiscal year (October 1)



Readmission Case Study







Readmissions

Performance Management – Setting the Stage

- Identified as a priority as a part of our annual performance management cycle
- Set targets based on national benchmarks and identified areas for improvement
- Aligned with entity and service line leaders
- Linked to annual goals and expectations



Leadership

Driving the Change and Workforce Engagement

- Integrated into ongoing performance review sessions
- Resources provided to support the improvement process
 - Staff time for projects
 - Pilot improvement efforts
- Linkage to individual goals and expectations at all appropriate levels.

Same Day Access Heart Failure Clinic Implementation Team Roster



Team Member	Role / Title		
Simon Curtis (Co-Chair)	Strategic Service Associate, Ambulatory Care Operations		
Zubin Eapen, MD (Co-Chair)	Assistant Professor, Department of Medicine		
Midge Bowers, NP	Nurse Practitioner, Heart Failure Program		
Karol Harshaw-Ellis, NP	Nurse Practitioner, Heart Failure Program		
Chris Samples	VP, Ambulatory Care Operations		
Catherine McCarver	Director, Heart Center of Excellence		
Mary Vinson	ACNO, Ambulatory Care Operations		
Coretta Smith	Nurse Manager, 2F/2G		
Kyle Dorsey	HCA, 2F/2G		
Lisa Dove	Clinical Pharmacists, Duke Outpatient Clinics		
Emmanuel Brown	Performance Services Management Engineer		
Wanda Bride	ACNO, Heart Center		
Garisha Davis	Nurse Manager, 2A		
Jennifer Lewis	Nurse Clinician, Heart Center		
Susan Schlundt	ARIA Analyst		
Eugenia Johnson	COD, 2A		
Tammey Wilkerson	Administrative Director, Heart Center Communications		
Laura Huffman	Manager, Finance		
Barbara Carter	Revenue Manager, Heart Center		



Improvement Tactics Implemented

- Follow-up appointment within 7-14 days from discharge (Primary Care Provider or Specialty)
- Follow-up phone call within 24-48 hours from discharge
- Readmission case review (review of factors include PCP, age, comorbidities, discharge disposition, social situation, etc.)
- Careplans implemented for "Familiar Faces"
- Collaboration with local Skilled Nursing Facilities to improve transitions
- Same day clinics for targeted patient populations
 Heart Failure, Sickle Cell



Performance Monitoring

- Monthly trending at Service line and "bundle" level
- Ad-hoc comparisons and drill-down into benchmark comparative data for specific populations
- CMS Medicare data reviewed annually

Sample Bundle Dashboard

Bundle Dashboard DRAFT

KNEE

PERIOD	FY14 YTD	FY13	
33	432	448	
2.39	2.76	2.87	
2.23	2.18	2.13	
3.2%	1.9%	2.4%	
2.8%	4.1%	4.4%	
	0.00	0.00	
	0	0	
Customer			
	75.4%	75.0%	
HCAHPS: Communication with doctor		87.5%	
HCAHPS: Pain management		63.6%	
HCAHPS: # Responses		112	
	33 2.39 2.23 3.2%	33 432 2.39 2.76 2.23 2.18 3.2% 1.9% 2.8% 4.1% 0.00 0	33 432 448 2.39 2.76 2.87 2.23 2.18 2.13 3.2% 1.9% 2.4% 2.8% 4.1% 4.4% 0.00 0.00 0 0 75.4% 75.0% 89.4% 87.5% 68.0% 63.6%

Finance

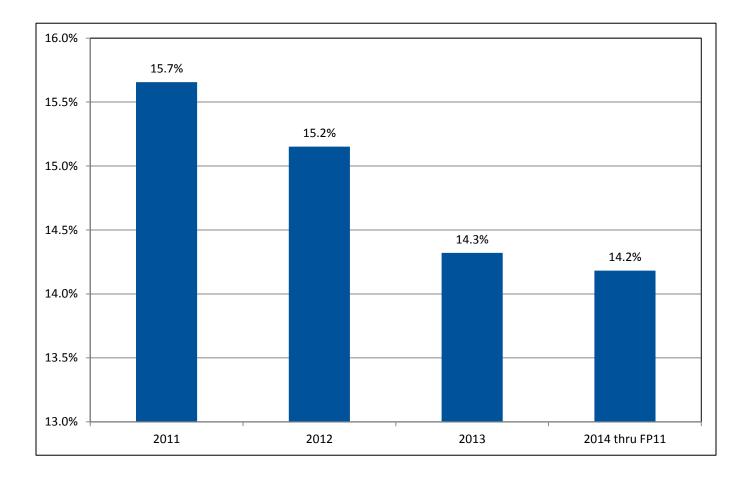
Direct Cost/Case





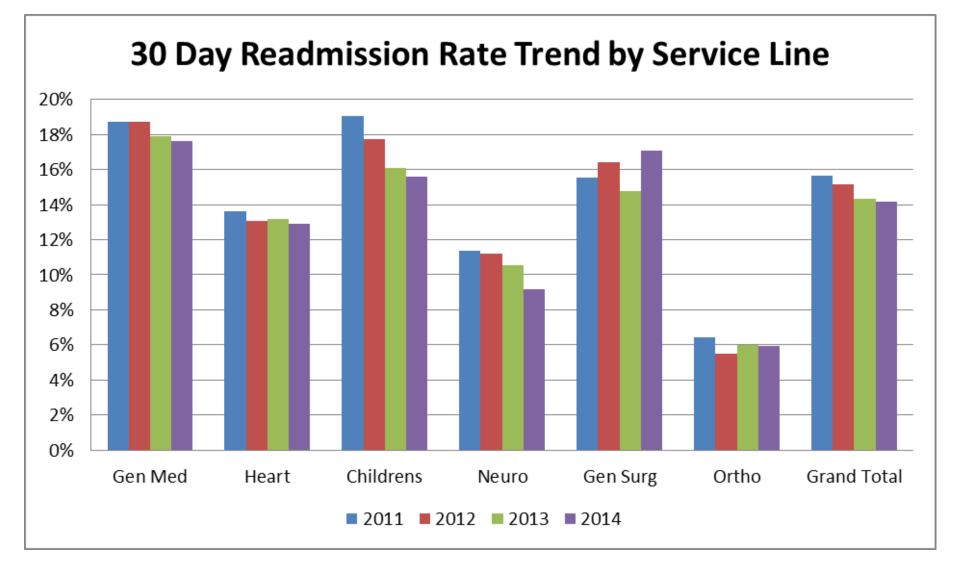


DUH Readmission Trend



DUH down 9.4% since FY11







Concluding Comments

- Advance all three:
 - Performance Management
 - Leadership
 - Workforce Engagement
- View deployment as a continuum
 - Journey of continuous improvement
- Performance Excellence is a journey