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Background

A survey of 260 prescriptions requiring interventions & rework at the Outpatient Pharmacy over 5 days in Jan 2012 showed 47 (18%) can be prevented if required information(s) or intervention(s) were done by triage (prescription drop off counter) staff before prescriptions were processed

Workflow for Processing of Prescriptions





Aim

To expand the role of triage staff so that downstream interventions & rework can be prevented

Baseline Data Breakdown of 'Others' Triage Related Interventions Benefit Card 2, 7% ■ Rx Validity ■ Partial **Supply** First Timer 8,30% 28, 27% Others 76, 73% MSW 8,30% *19 cases of Paeds Weight partial supply were Other preventable

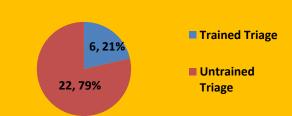
Methods

Triage Competency was devised by a team from Outpatient Pharmacy (OP) comprising:-

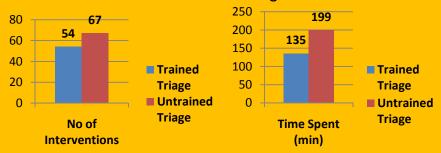
- 1. Customer Service
- 2. Knowledge of different prescriptions
- 3. Validity of prescriptions
- 4. Screening of prescribed medications
- 5. Handling of benefit cards and billing documents
- Issue queue number to different categories of patients
- 7. Directing patient to wait area
- 8. Handling enquiries
- Training conducted for 4 identified staff
- Observation & survey carried out post training over 5 days in Feb 2012 on the 4 trained triage staff
- Results were compared with untrained staff
- Total no of interventions collected = 181
- Staff satisfaction survey was done on Pharmacists & Pharmacy technicians at OP
- Further review of the training materials & identification of the core competency elements

Results

Preventable Interventions

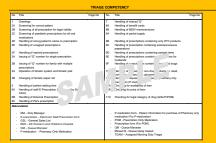


Trained vs Untrained Triage Staff



- > A reduction of 19% in intervention numbers & 32% time savings.
- Staff felt more confident & competent in handling triage duty after training

Sample Pages of Triage Competency



1	Greetings	Smile upon eye contact Use a Simple greating by acknowledging patient Receive Prescription from Patient	Portray good gesture to welcome patient	 Foot Prints from entrance to "Registration Counter"
2A	Screening for correct patient	Screen for cornect patient prescribes with cornect prescribes by verifying name and residential address of patient. Other identifiers: Patient's NRIC	A screen process to determine the needs of individual Patient as the Triage is the first line of screening for wrong prescript— Prescription or physicopy wi retained for docetation_ pu	
25	Screening of all preacription for legal validity	Check for the presence of selecting or secret	Let	Other referencing: Outgainer Counselling and Obspensing (PAP 03790-9104)
за	Issuing of "Q" number for single prescription	Issue queue number a. 3000 series – O&G b. 5000 series – Psediatric	Enable Statistical collection of patient count based on O&G and Paediatrics patients Allow tracing of patient	Pharmacy Prescription form (Phar-0033 R1) P medication: Patient information for purchase of

з	being of 'O' marker by single preserve them	I. The Appear without a 2000 terms—2000 to 2000 terms—2000 to 2000 terms—2000 to 2000 terms—2000 t	South a final service of the control
32	having of 'O' municer for harriy with multiple presor phone	Issuing of operations for the biblioging (andy with multiple prescriptor) Is if multiple COSG() as simplified to be some a facilities to be some a facilities to be some and the cost of the	Allow award missing of all in each great policy and

Conclusion

A standardised triage competency training is important, beneficial & improves operational efficiency, staff knowledge, overall staff & patient satisfaction.