

To reduce the number of defaulted cases for patient on maintenance depot injection

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INTRODUCTION

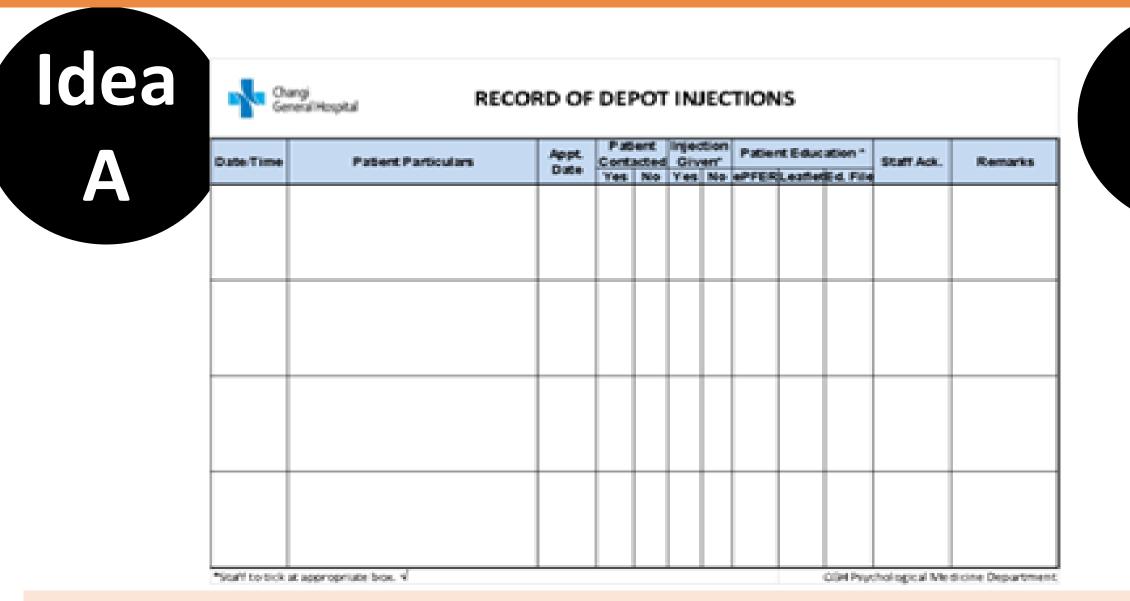
In Psychological Medicine Centre (PMC), there is a group of patients who require maintenance depot injection. Studies have shown that long-acting depot antipsychotic medications can reduce relapsed rate and rehospitalisation. (Heyscue, Lebin & Merrick, 1998) Therefore, our team aim to reduce the number of defaulted cases for this group of patients to at least 50%.

Defaulted cases will affect the PMC nurses as it will lead to an increase of unplanned appointments and prolong waiting time for patients as case notes have to be traced to verify doctors' orders. The extended waiting time may agitate this group of defaulted patients as they may be suffering from relapse.

Inevitably, patients on scheduled appointments will also be affected by the longer waiting time.

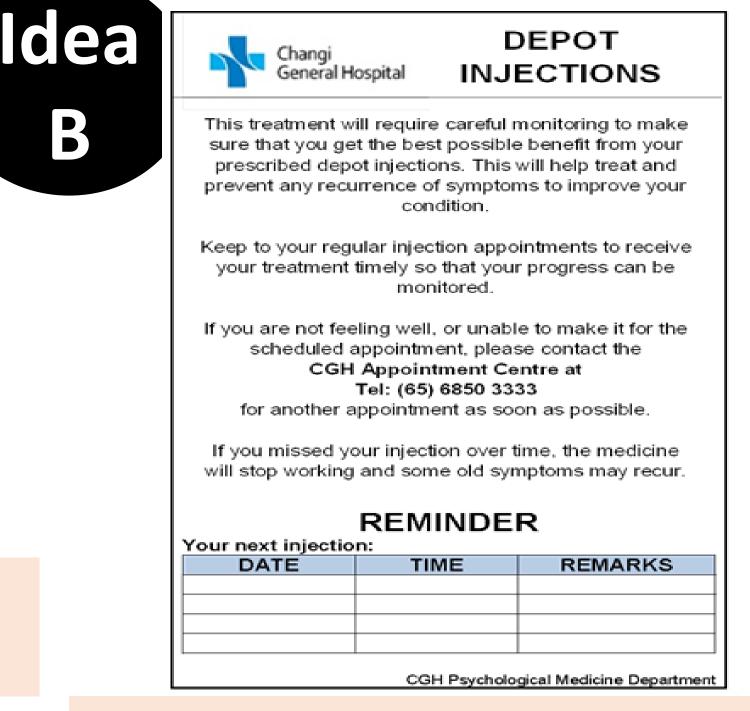
METHODOLOGY

B



Call Reminder: A follow-up call to patients up to 3 days prior to their scheduled appointments

- To render an extra social support service to serve as reminders to patients on the scheduled injection appointment
- To record the intervention(s) given to each patient and their turn up outcome



Patient Education Leaflet: Patient Education leaflet was introduced to patients to reinforce the importance of compliance with their injection

To offer a proactive cue/ reminder on the importance of adherence to scheduled injection appointment



Patient Education File: Patient Education File was created for patients who are new to the depot injection

To offer reinforcement to what the doctor said in the consultation room (For new cases and re-education)

RESULTS

Percentage (%) of defaulted cases 16.06 15 10.83 Percentage (%) of defaulted 8.89 cases 2015 2016 2017

Post-Implementation After implementation of the project between April to December 2016, there is 10.83% significant reduction of no show cases. The sustainability of the project is progressing as the rates continuously reduced. This year, there has been 8.89% reduction number of defaulted cases for patient on maintenance depot injection.

CONCLUSION

The project was designed to assess the compliance rates with depot injection. The interventions have resulted in successful reduced default rates. The scheduled appointments were also maintained and collection of data is still on-going.

This project is applicable to other speciality clinic where patients require regular injection. One of the biggest challenges faced by the team was the new implementation of the follow-up calls as these calls came in unexpected for the patients due to a new work process. However, most of the patients and caregivers appreciate the follow-up calls.

This has also created a strong bond among nurses as we work together to improve patient care and services



