The Safety Life Cycle of Alterations and Additions (A & A) Projects in Hospital Food Outlets

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Singapore General Hospital



INTRODUCTION

Singapore Healthcare

Management 2017

There are a number of food outlets in Singapore General Hospital (SGH). These outlets would undergo A & A works upon the commencement of new lease for the enhancement of service quality. As these outlets are residing in a hospital, the customer group comprises not only SGH staff and visitor, but also patient. Hence, the safety and health issue becomes a critical element of the hospital operations. As such, a dedicated team would be formed to assess the entire life cycle of the projects.

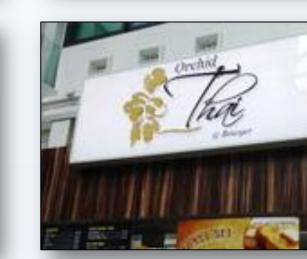














AIMS

Design Phase

To eliminate and mitigate any foreseeable safety and health risk inherent in the design or as a result of the construction process.

Construction Phase

Mainly to ensure the worksite activities did not jeopardise the safety and health of the neighbouring occupants, e.g. staff and patient.

Handover Phase

To identify residual safety and health hazard at the post-construction phase that could be mitigated through engineering or administrative control.

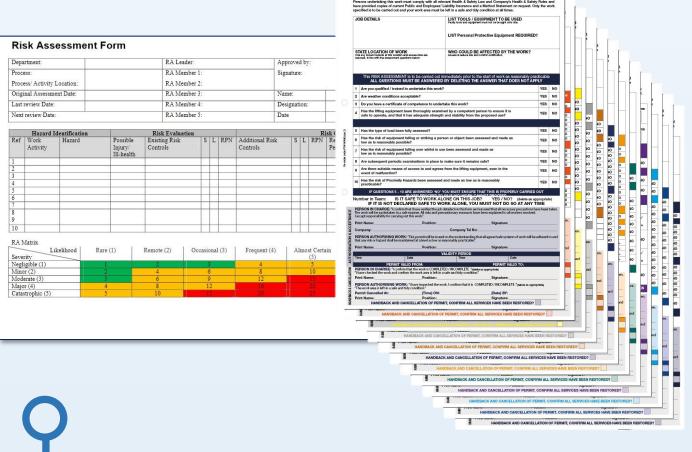
METHODOLOGY



A design review team consisting of major stakeholders, e.g. owner, consultant, operations, safety & project personnel, would be formed



The review process was also made reference to the in-house policy and relevant guidelines



Review of worksite safety management document, e.g. risk assessment, permit to work, method statement, etc.



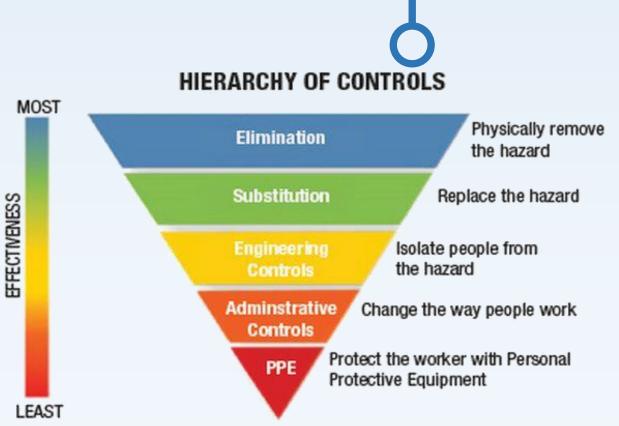
Pre-commissioning Inspection

Design

Review of design layout, construction and waste disposal processes

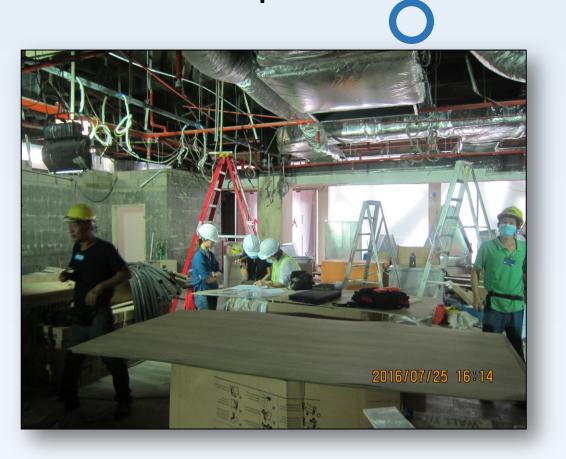


Address potential safety and health risks inherent in the design using hierarchy of controls

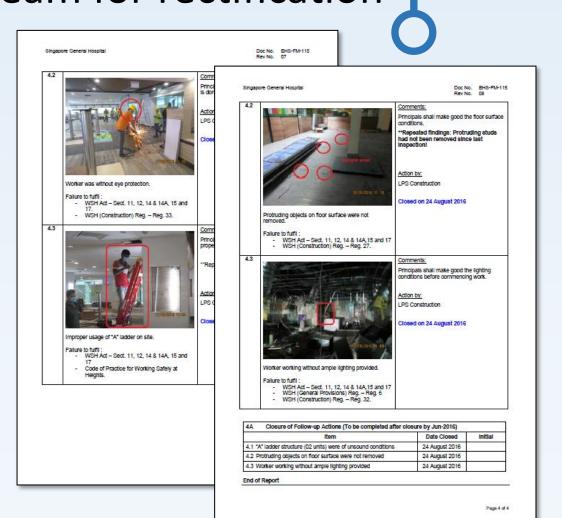


Construction

Perform worksite safety inspections to ensure legal compliance

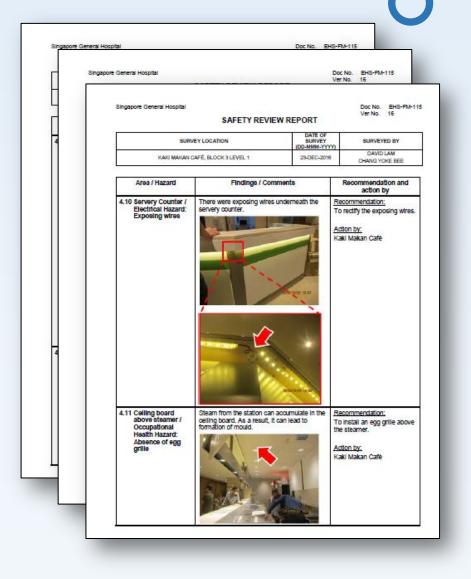


Documentation of the observations & findings and work with project team for rectification



Handover

Documentation of any residual risk for control



RESULTS



Policy

Early identification of foreseeable safety and health risks which allowed timely corrective actions

Hospital policy was

design

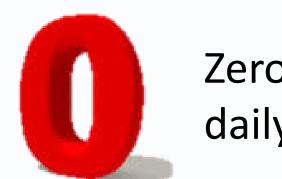
incorporated into the



Residual risks
were addressed
before
operations



Better user experience



Zero disruption to hospital daily operations



Smoother operation flow

CONCLUSION

Based on our experience, the methodology adopted in these projects are applicable in similar settings in Singapore General Hospital. By reviewing each phase of the project, any potential safety and health issue could be eliminated / mitigated early.

