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RESEARCH AIM

This research aims to identify factors affecting long term commitment among senior volunteers in a healthcare setting.

BACKGROUND

With reduced birth rates and increased longevity, Singapore faces the challenge of an ageing population and higher dependency ratio. Nevertheless, older adults are enjoying a longer healthy life expectancy. The notion of encouraging senior volunteerism was mooted in the Action Plan for Successful Ageing in 2016

EXPECTED BENEFITS OF THE STUDY

- Senior volunteerism is said to have positive impact on seniors' overall wellbeing.
- It could potentially mitigate a human resource crunch brought about by our demographic changes.
- Long term commitment by senior volunteers can result in lower training cost, service continuity and provides a higher sense of belonging for the senior volunteers.

METHODOLOGY

Case Study: KKH-RSVP Senior Guiding Programme started September 2010, where concierge service was identified as an area that volunteers can make a meaningful contribution.



Research Design:	Exploratory
Research Method:	Qualitative
Sample size:	21 (= total no. of volunteers under the programme)
Data collection method:	Focus group discussion (17)

(17)Open-ended survey (4) Long term commitment

Independent variables: Motivation factors



Dependent variable:

Preliminary Discussion with RSVP

 Identifying issues and challenges for volunteer retention

Operationalising the research

- 3 focus groups were conducted with 17 senior volunteers from the RSVP-KKH programme.
- 4 surveys were handed out to the remaining volunteers who could not make it to the face-to-face meetings, ensuring a 100% participation rate.
- The facilitator for all 3 sessions of the focus group was the same person and there was a note-taker present for each session as well. With consent, the sessions were voice recorded. Confidentiality was sought and assured.
- The transcripts for all sessions and survey results were subsequently coded for common themes and analysed.

RESULTS

Coding of answers to questions of "What matters to you when considering volunteering?", "What keeps you going in volunteering in KKH?", etc.: Convenience: location, timing, mode of transport, duration, etc

Nature of Work: emotional affect, cognition requirement, interest, variety etc Support & Appreciation: stipend, appreciation gestures, sense of belonging, respect, be heard, etc

Personal Motivation: to do good, contribute to the society, feels good, stay active, etc

Learning: training, RSVP courses, KKH talks

Environment: physical, T-shirt, etc Role Continuity: sense of responsibility, routine, etc

Personal Conditions: health status, family and other commitments, etc

As predicted by literature review: altruism, feel Not predicted by happy. Verifies generativity and ego-integrity previous research, concepts posited by Erik Erikson and Maslow's but in line with our highest order motivation of self-actualisation. Explained by brainstorm based on Maslow Theory. Maslow Hierarchy of Could also be Needs. Preliminary **Findings** due to cultural findings from with contract factor of **RSVP** volunteer literature that respect for managers also suggests role elderly in suggested this to be continuity to Singapore important. be important. Possible cultural explanations on concept of volunteering vs work. Nature of Work Support & Personal Role Continuity Motivation As explained by Maslow, Though not high, Nature of work is safe, Maslow: other informal is basic positive environment, learning and

caregiving roles can affect. So flexible timing become an important factor. Flexibility of morning or afternoon shift, short 3hr, allows those with grandchildren to go home to look after

not depressing, not stressful, simple, not too difficult to handle. Could be "embarassing"

(mentioned by one)

personal growth

Maslow's

physiological level - addressing it can fulfil higher order (**love**) need

Hierarchy of Esteem needs Love/Belonging

> Safety Physiological

ADDITIONAL FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- For RSVP: the range of courses and trainings was a strong attraction factor. The seniors appreciated the variety of volunteering projects. The stipend is seen as a form of organisation's "appreciation" of seniors' "retired" and "no income" status. Seniors also mentioned that there was no need to give them certificates as "(they) have so many".
- For KKH: the hot temperature and the vehicles' fumes were common complaints. Seniors appreciate the convenience of having shuttle bus to the doorstep. They would appreciate more support from staff, proper channels for feedback, and if KKH could demonstrate more appreciation for their contributions as "staff" towards the hospital's image.