A Shotgun approach to Reduce Neonatal Cardiac Post-Operative Infection Rate



Singapore Healthcare Management 2018

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INTRODUCTION

- National University Hospital (NUH) has the only Neonatal ICU (NICU) in Singapore, providing collaborative and comprehensive care for newborns with congenital heart defects through a multidisciplinary team
- Very young program : inception in 2012

RESULTS

	Pre-RIE 2013 – Aug 16	Post-RIE (Sept 16 – Mar 18)
Cardiac surgeries	N=47	N=14

- Of the 76 babies with cardiac defects managed between 2013 and 2016, 47 cases had cardiac surgery (Patent ductus arteriosus (PDA) ligations excluded)
- Post surgical **Blood stream infection (BSI) rate of 15% and Surgical Site infection** (SSI) rate of 11% were extremely high and in contrast to reported figures of 5% -8% among high volume centers of repute in the developed world
- Post-operative infection has a direct bearing on clinical outcome and resource utilization and is largely preventable

OBJECTIVE

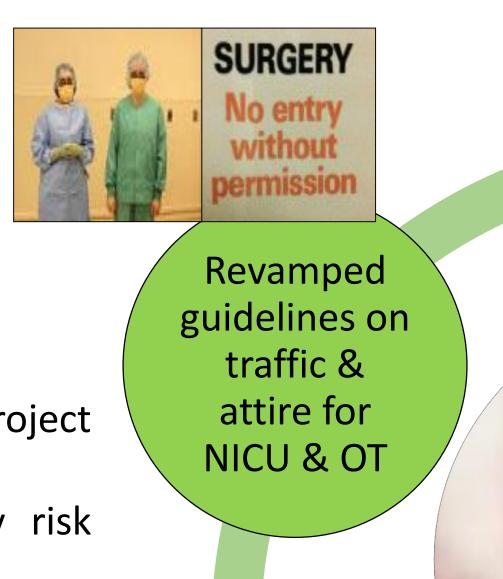
Aim: Reduce combined rates of BSI and SSI from 23% to below 10%

METHODOLOGY

A multidisciplinary team of doctors, nurses and administrators came together to conduct Improvement Event (RIE) a Rapid in September 2016 to address this issue

PRE-RIE Activities

- 1. Definitions of BSI, SSI and scope of the project were formalized
- (2013-16) to identify risk 2. Retrospective audit factors of BSI and SSI
- 3. Independent surprise on-site audits revealed lapses around the peri-operative period



Improved

Skin

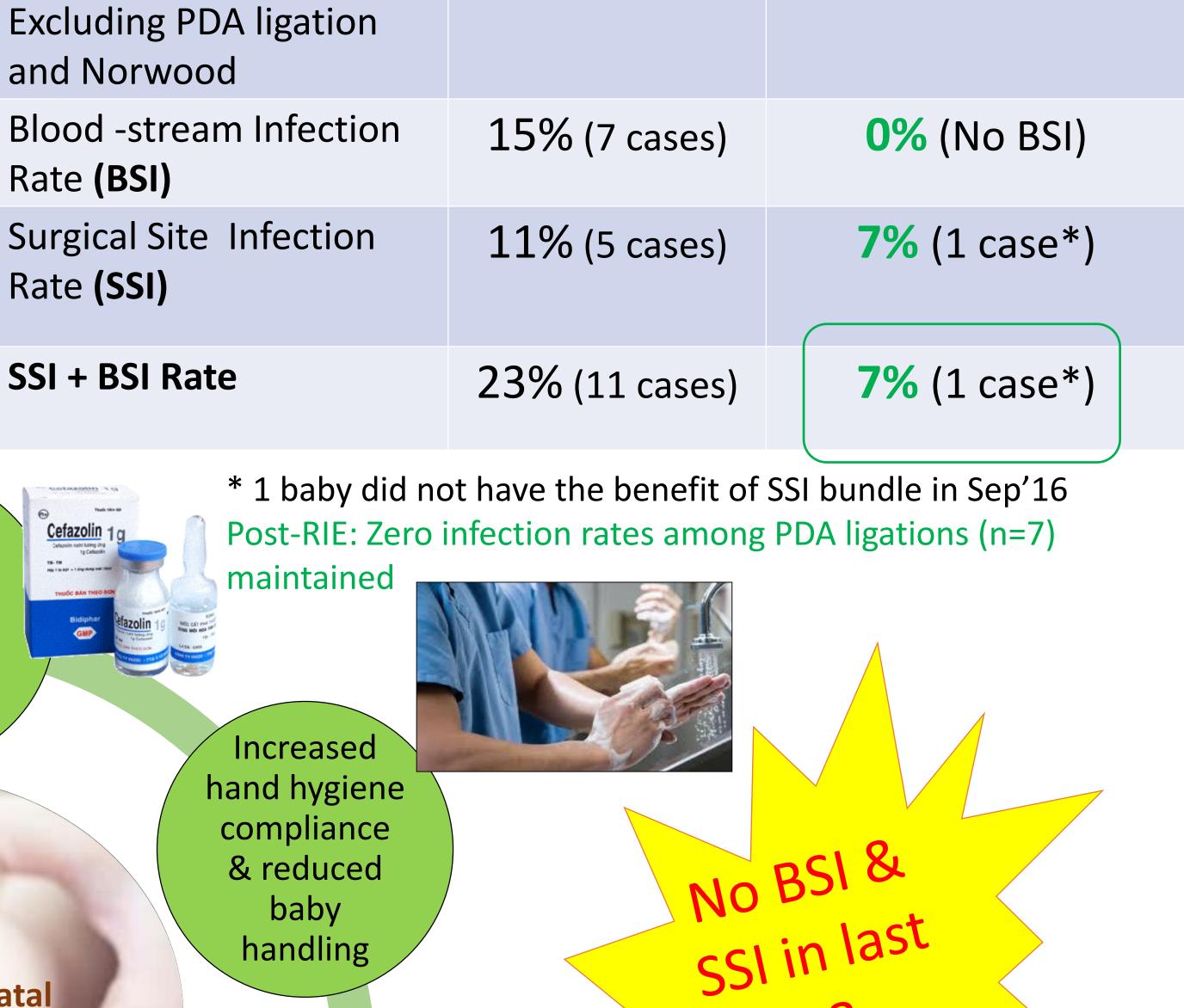
Preparation

and Draping

Techniques

Revised Antibiotics Guidelines

Reduced Neonatal Cardiac Post-Op Infection



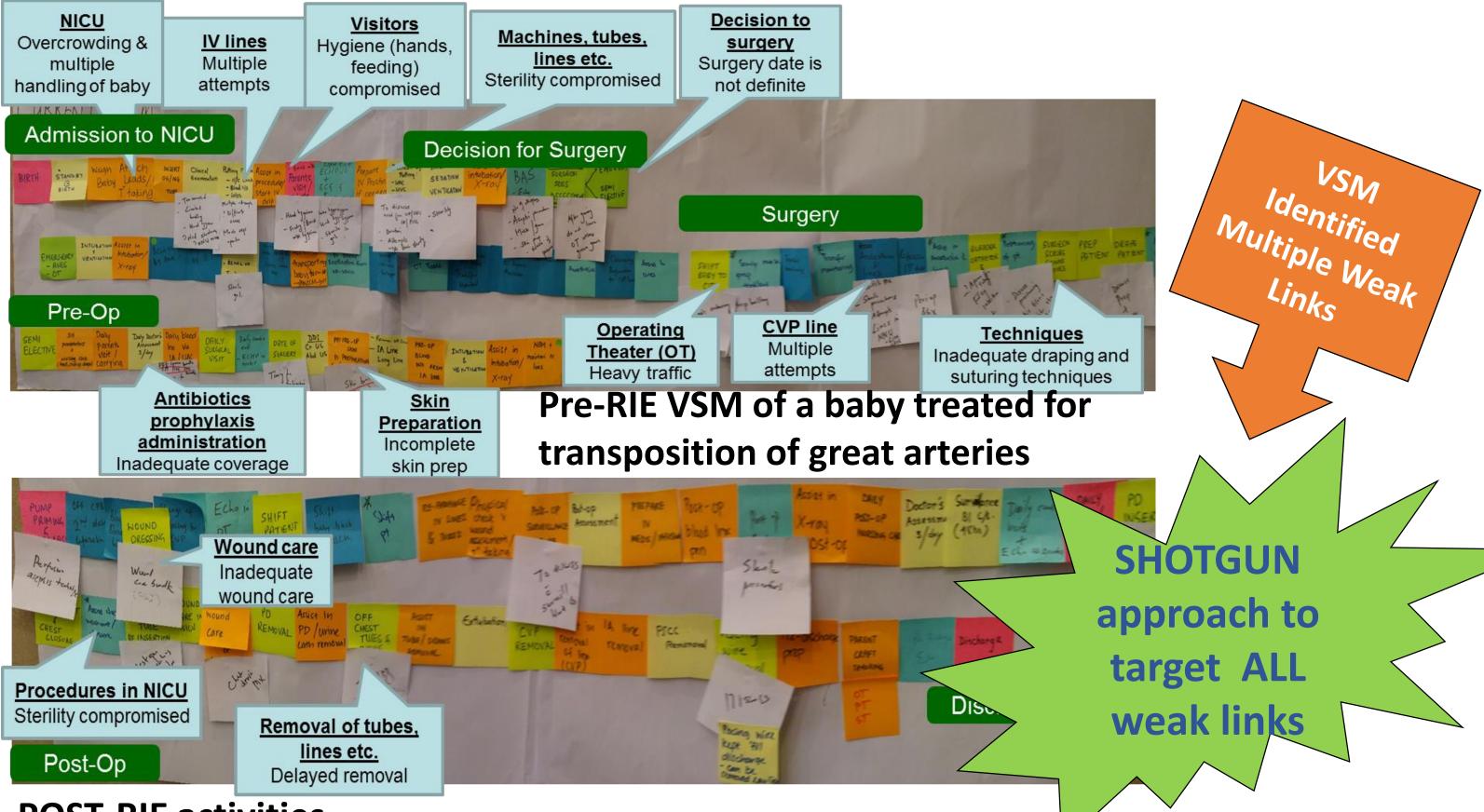
4. Survey among stake holders to identify perception of problem, possible causation & intention to improve

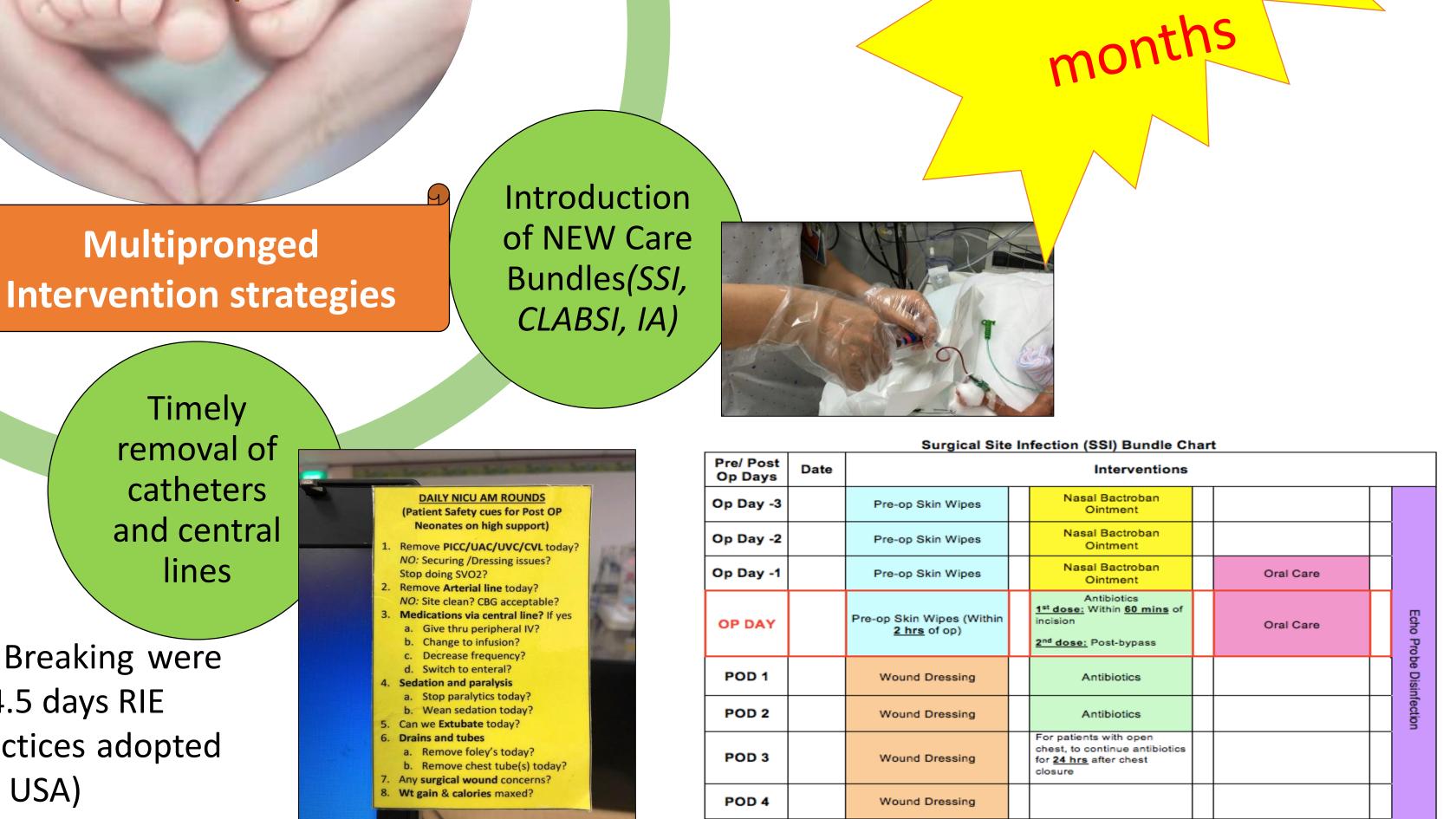
Pre – **RIE: Key Findings**

- 65% Staff felt current practice inadequate \bullet to prevent post –op infections
- No single causative factor emerged
- BSI: all gram negative infections and occurred within 72 hours of surgery – so target peri-op period
- SSI: mostly gram positive; by 1-2 weeks

RIE activities

- 1. Lean tools including Value Stream Mapping, Gap Analysis and Paradigm Breaking were used to understand the process, identify risks and root causes during the 4.5 days RIE
- 2. Additional resources : evidence based literature, expert opinion , best practices adopted from internationally benchmarked cardiac programs (observership – CHOP, USA)





POD 5

Compliance rates of various interventions

Pre-OP skin preparation (SSI bundle)	76% *
Pre-OP nasal Mupirocin (SSI bundle)	76% *
Pre-OP oral care (SSI bundle)	81% *
Antibiotic prophylaxis as per bundle	95%
NICU traffic control	>99%
NICU Hand Hygiene compliance rate (2018)	95%
* 100% compliance for non-emergency surgeries	

Wound Dressing

POST-RIE activities

- 1. Establish action plans and designate roles to orchestrate the changes through a Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA) cycle.
- Quarterly review meetings were conducted to keep RIE on track
- 3. Tracking of results and compliance audits

100% compliance for non emergency surgeries

CONCLUSIONS

- The team improved workflows, adopted new care bundles, invigorated healthcare staff attitude towards infection control, decreased antibiotic usage and navigated a steep learning curve to obtain the RIE target and meet standards set by best of high volume cardiac centers
- In complex multidisciplinary and multi-site care processes more than a few weak links may exist, all of which need to be addressed to improve outcomes