

# **Project Team Members:**

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# BACKGROUND

In Singapore, Heart Failure (HF) is the most common cardiac cause of hospitalization, accounting for 17 percent of all cardiac admissions. In 2015, public hospitals recorded in excess of 5,700 unique HF admissions. Heart failure is recognized as an emerging public health problem due to increasing hospitalizations, readmissions and direct healthcare costs. An improved multidisciplinary care coordination in heart failure transitional care help ensure discharge success. Our project target to reduce readmission of heart failure patients.



Reduction of heart failure patients 6 months re-admittance rate from 13.6% to 7%

# PRE-IMPLEMENTATION

Heart failures patients are typically admitted for fluid overload and given treatment to help them tide over the fluid overload stage. After 4 to 6 days of treatment and heart failure education, patients are discharged. The ward nurse will do follow-up call to patient the day following his/her discharge. The patients will then return to NHCS for their follow up appointment with the doctor 4-6 weeks after their discharge.

## Current HF Patient Management

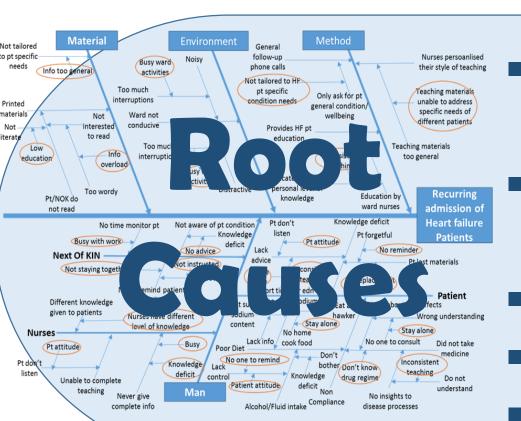
Patient return for follow Ward nurse call HF education Patient is Patient admitted for up appt with doctor (4patient 1day post the treatment of HF discharged teaching 6weeks from discharge) discharge

Between Nov 14 – Oct15, 8.4% of the heart failure patients were readmitted within 30 days, somewhere between the third to fourth week, before their appointment date to see Doctor.

The data showed a rather consistent percentage of re-admission of heart failure patients.

Time period	Nov14 – Apr15	May15 - Oct15
Number of patients admitted for heart failure	256	295
Number of patient who were readmitted within 6months	40	35
Number of first timers readmitted within 30 days	22	24
Percentage of patients who were readmitted within 6 months	15.6%	11.9%
Percentage of patients who were readmitted within 30 days	8.6%	8.1%

A Cause and Effect Diagram was used to analyze the roots causes. Six Root Causes were identified:



- Information given to HF patients are not specific to their needs
- Nurses attending to HF patients have different levels of knowledge
- There is no reminders given to patients
- Patients do not know the drug regime
- Next of Kin not given instructions

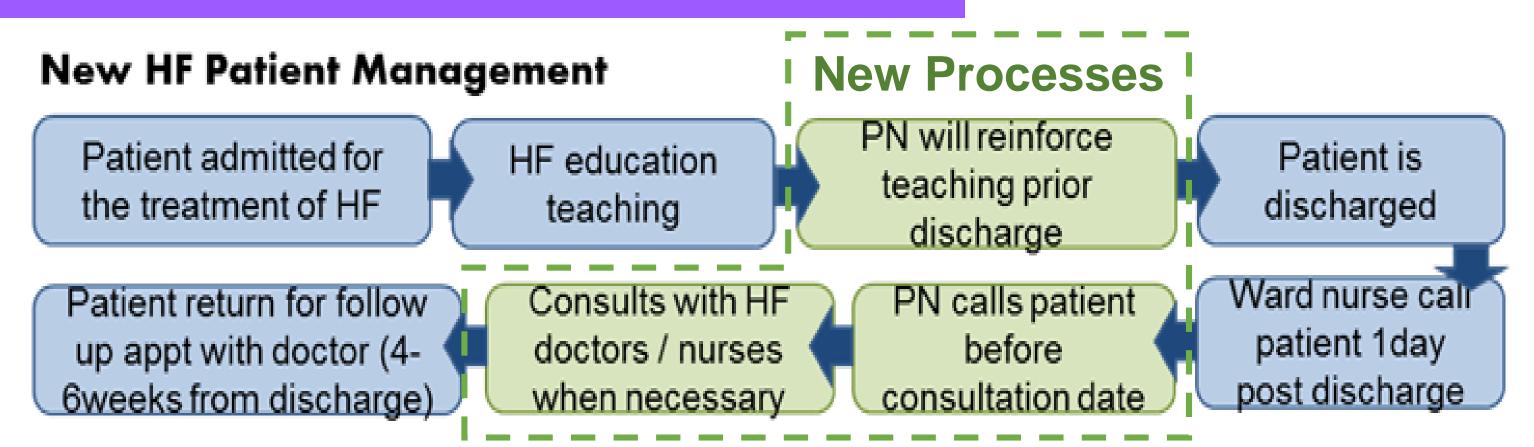
## **Solution Development Process**

**Group Brainstorming** Affinity Diagram to group ideas Ideas exploration

Stakeholders Engagement Sharing of possible ideas Address Stakeholders interest & concerns

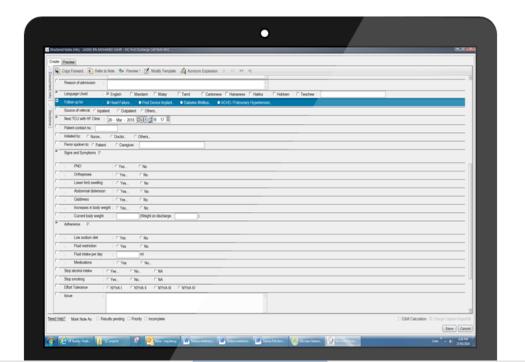
List possible solutions Determine Pros & Cons of each solutions Solution matrix development

## **SOLUTIONS DEVELOPMENT**



#### Specialized assigned nurses to conduct one to one teaching

Personalized teaching targeted at different patient's condition for better information retention. The teachings include monitoring of patient's condition, symptoms control, and body weight, salt and fluid restriction. The name of the educator will be reflected on computer for follow up purposes.



#### Additional follow up calls by the Patient **Navigators**

The newly extended role of Patient Navigators (PN) aim to provide patients with seamless discharge to the community. PN use the heart failure discharge template online to enquire patient's signs & symptoms and adherence to diet and salt intake.

### Improved accessibility of information

Electronic copies of the HF materials are available on the Heart Failure Buddy application. Patients and their next of kin are encouraged to download the online health mobile application so that they can easily access the HF related information and advice after discharge.





Our solutions which include steps taken to pay additional attention and care to the HF transition back to their homes after discharge resulted in reduction in the re-admission rate of our HF failure patients.

# RESULTS

30 Days Re-Admission Rate 6 Months Re-Admission Rate

The number of patients re-admitting for heart failure had been reduced from 8.3% to 3.5% for re-admission within 30 days and from 13.6% to 5.8% for re-admission within 6 months.



# Frees Up 215 Beds Each Year

The project led to an estimated Patient Hospital Cost Savings of

\$116,400 per annum!

## Intangible Benefits

- Enhanced patients' safety
- Improved patient & caregiver experience
- Enhanced organization's image
- Increased work efficiency and job satisfaction
- Cross- department team work & collaboration

# CONCLUSION

With the implementation of several interventions in this project, patients and next of kin are better informed about the importance of the post discharge care. We have taught the patients to be more responsible for their well-being by emphasizing on the importance of their lifestyle towards their recovery. The implementation of the follow up calls has received a positive feedback from the patients and their next of kin as they could feel the sincerity of care from our staff.